



2017-2018 Influenza Report Week 50 Dec. 10 – Dec. 16, 2017

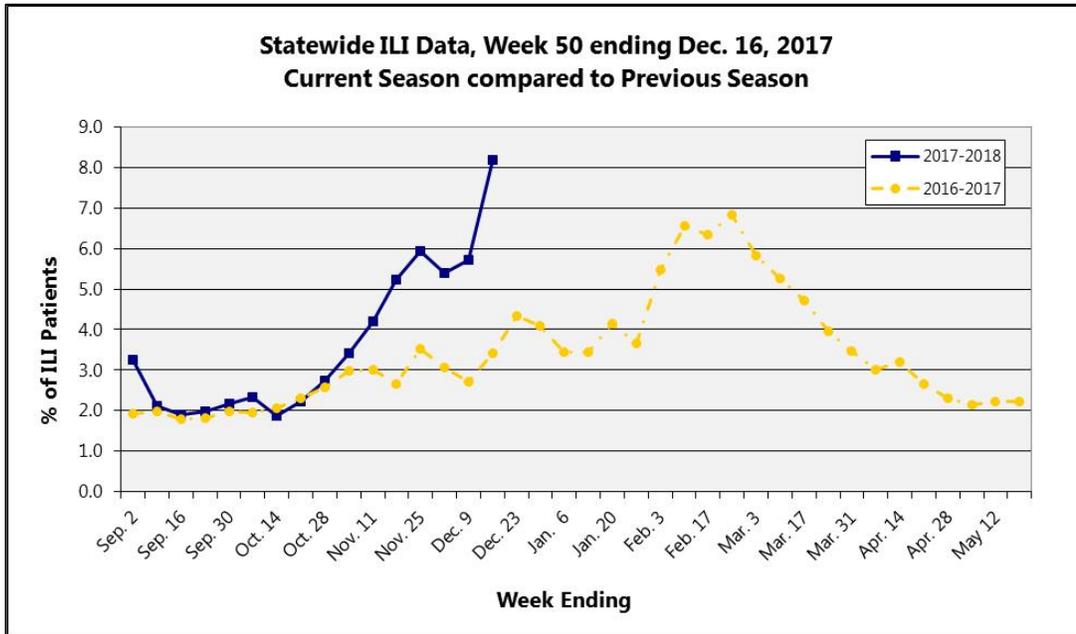
About our flu activity reporting

MSDH relies upon selected sentinel health practitioners across the state to report the percentage of total patient visits consistent with an influenza-like illness (ILI: fever of 100°F or higher AND cough and/or sore throat). Also, providers are supplied with specimen collection kits. Samples are submitted to the Mississippi Public Health Laboratory for influenza PCR testing. Reports are used to estimate the state's ILI rate and the magnitude of the state's influenza activity. Reports represent only the distribution of flu in the state, not an actual count of all flu cases statewide. **Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.**

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State ILI Surveillance



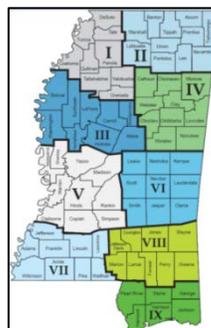
During week **50** (12/10/17-12/16/17), the overall state ILI rate (**8.2%**) **increased** from the previous week (**5.7%**), and was above this time last year (**3.4%**). |

[Figure 1](#)

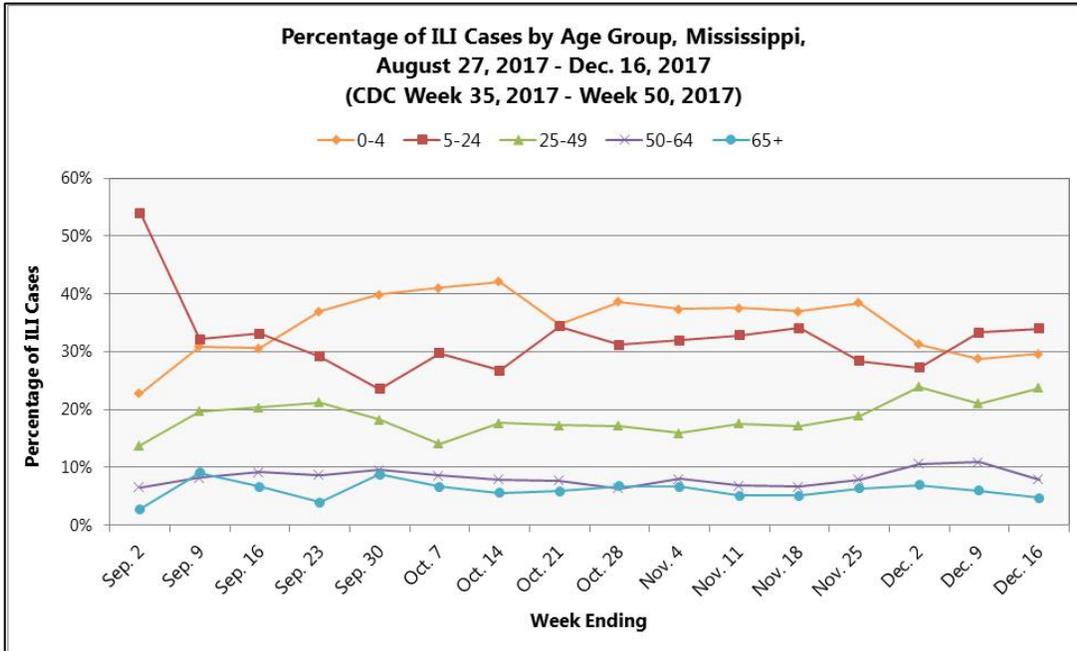
Total number of patients treated by sentinel providers in the last three weeks. | **Table 1**

2017-2018 Influenza Season					
CDC Week	Week Ending	Number of reports received from Sentinel Providers	Total patients	ILI symptoms	ILI Rate (%)
50	Dec. 16	139	19022	1557	8.2%
49	Dec. 9	138	18247	1046	5.7%
48	Dec. 2	137	20833	1123	5.3%

During week **50**, **seven** districts (1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9) had an increase in ILI activity, while the remaining **two** districts (5 and 7) remained about the same. *Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.* | **Table 2**



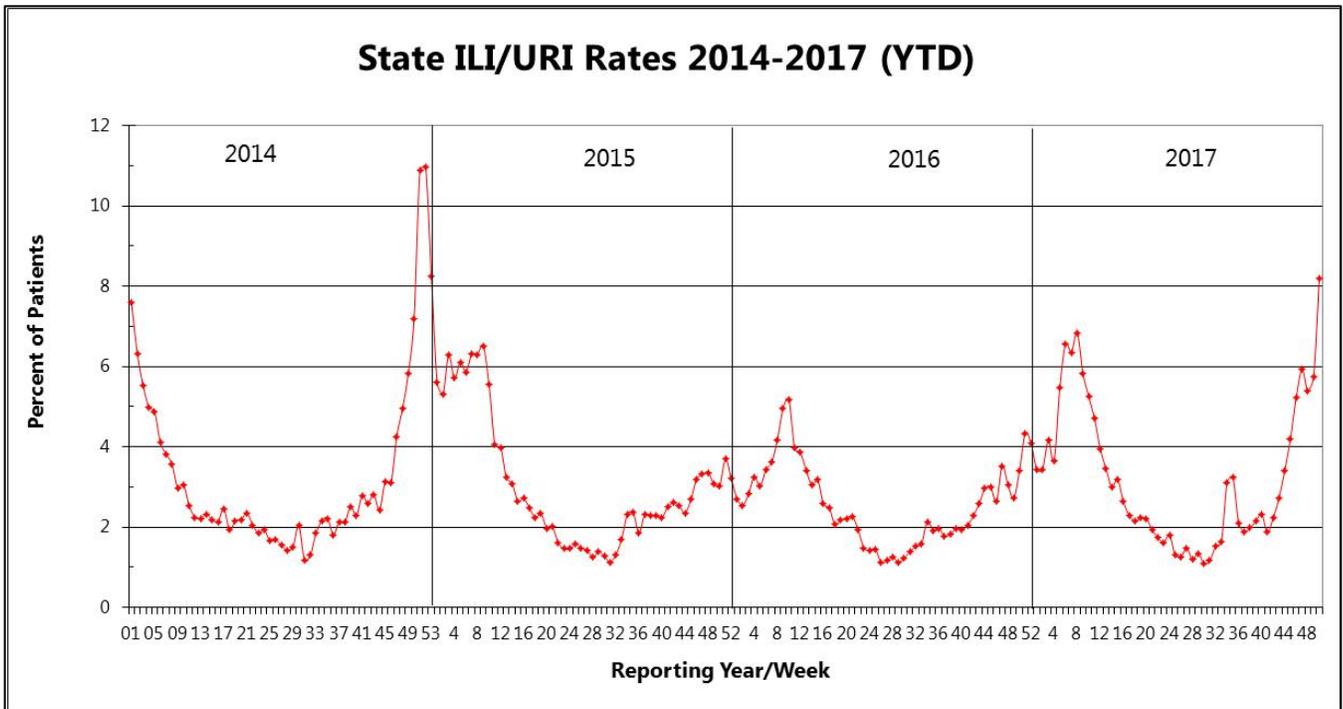
MSDH District ILI Rates (%) 2017-2018		
District	Week 49	Week 50
State	5.7	8.2
I	3.4	8.5
II	8.0	10.5
III	5.8	8.2
IV	3.7	9.6
V	5.4	5.5
VI	14.0	15.3
VII	7.8	8.0
VIII	4.3	6.1
IX	5.8	7.6



Overall, the percentage of reported ILI cases has been highest among those in the **0-4** and **5-24 years** of age groups. During week **50**, however, the percentage of reported ILI

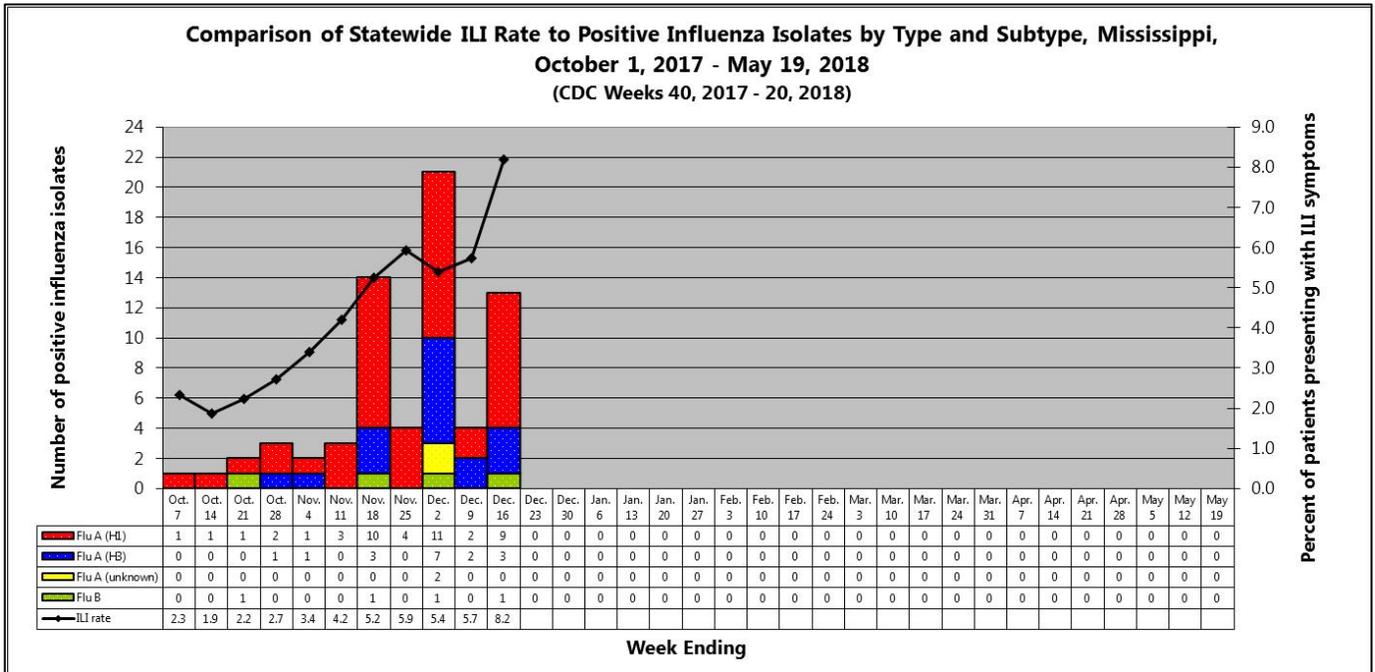
cases was highest among those in the **5-24 years** of age group. | [Figure 2](#)

Mississippi ILI Rates 2014-2017 | [Figure 3](#)



Flu Testing Reports

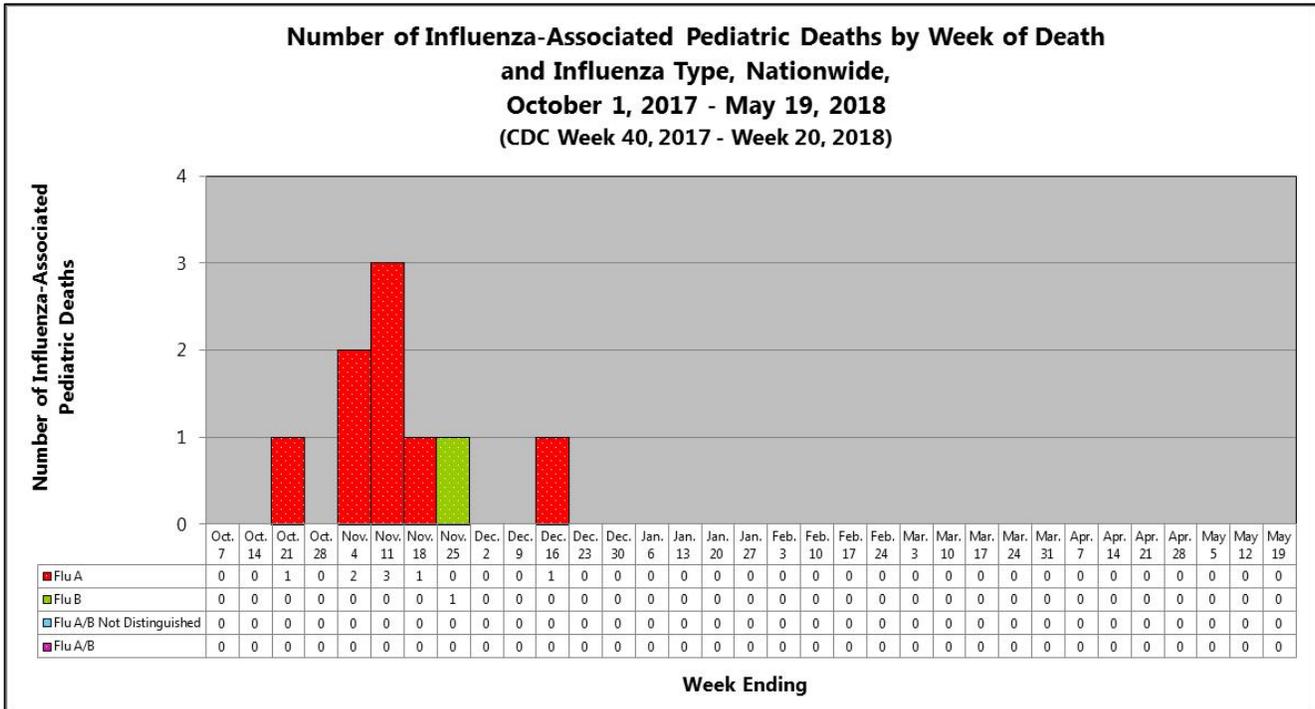
Since week 40 (week ending October 7th), **68** laboratory confirmed influenza samples have been identified. Forty-five (66%) were identified as influenza A (H1), 17 (25%) were identified as influenza A (H3), two (3%) were identified as influenza A, unknown subtype and four (6%) were identified as influenza B. | [Figure 4](#)



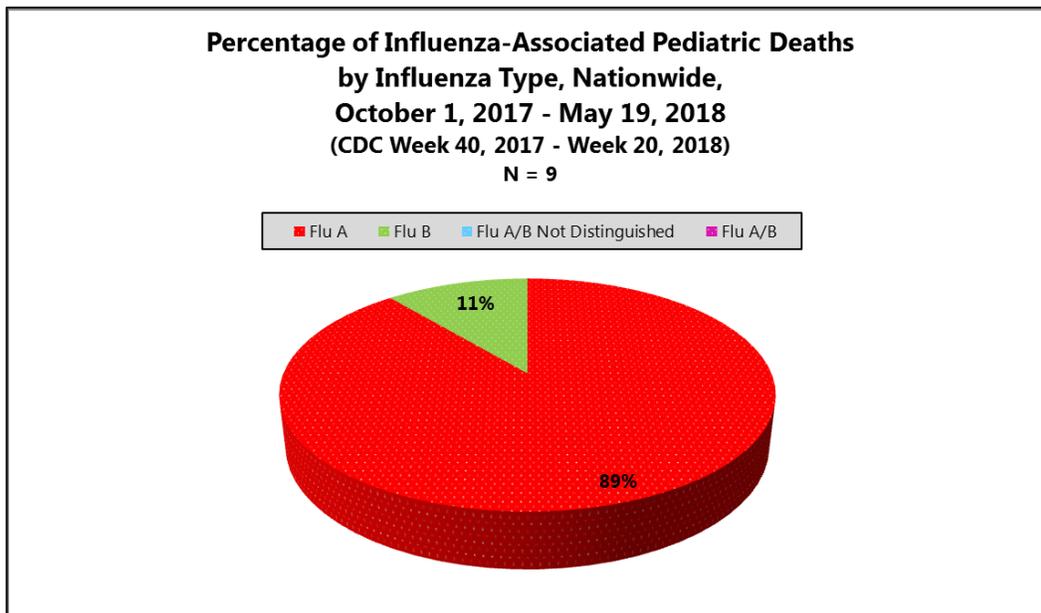
The influenza cases were identified from the following counties: Attala (1), Bolivar (2), Covington (5), Forrest (4), Hinds (4), Jasper (2), Jones (5), Kemper (1), Lamar (1), Leflore (1), Lowndes (1), Marion (1), Marshall (5), Neshoba (3), Oktibbeha (3), Pearl River (2), Pike (4), Pontotoc (2), Prentiss (2), Quitman (1), Rankin (3), Simpson (1), Tate (2), Warren (3), Washington (2), Wilkinson (1), Winston (3), and Yazoo (1). The counties for two of the cases were unknown.

National and Mississippi Pediatric Mortality Surveillance

Nationally, **one** influenza-associated pediatric death was reported to CDC during week **50**. This death was associated with an influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus and occurred during week 50 (week ending December 16th). **Nine** influenza-associated pediatric deaths have been reported to CDC for the 2017-2018 season. | [Figure 5](#)



Of the **nine** influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported nationally during the 2017-2018 season, eight (89%) have been attributed to influenza A viruses and one (11%) to an influenza B virus. |



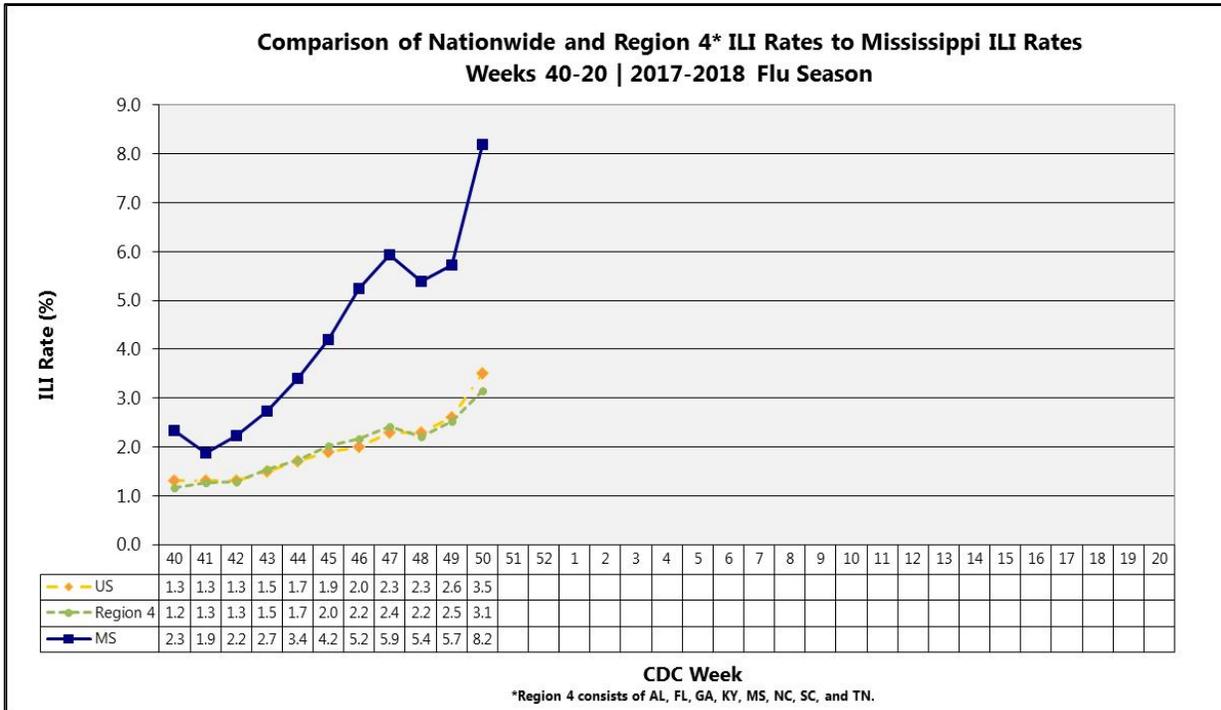
[Figure 6](#)

Mississippi has had **no** influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported during this influenza season. For additional information on influenza-

associated pediatric deaths, please refer to the [CDC's FluView](#).

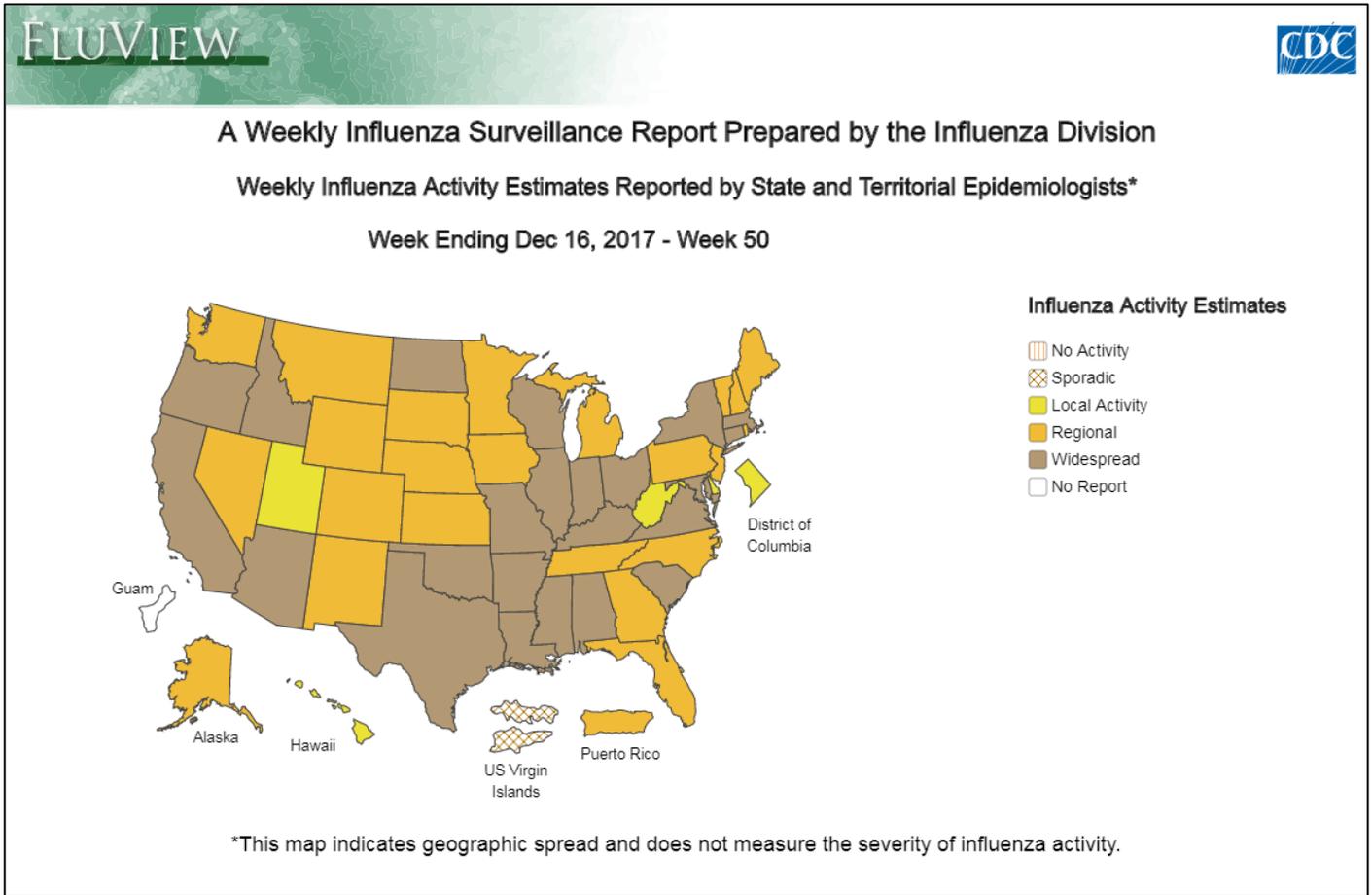
National ILI Surveillance

For week **50**, the MS ILI rate (8.2%) was **above** the national (3.5%) and Region 4 (3.1%) ILI rates. | [Figure 7](#)



US and Region 4 ILI rates from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/>.

During week **50**, influenza activity **sharply increased** in the United States.¹ | [Figure 8](#)



¹For up-to-date information on flu activity nationwide, please refer to the CDC's website: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivitysurv.htm>.

Mississippi reported "**Widespread**" for the influenza activity during week **50**. | [Table 3](#)

Level of Flu Activity	Definition
No Activity	Overall clinical activity remains low and there are no lab confirmed cases.
Sporadic	Isolated cases of lab confirmed influenza in the state; ILI activity is not increased <u>OR</u> A lab-confirmed outbreak in a single institution in the state; ILI activity is not increased.
Local	Increased ILI within a single region AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) laboratory evidence of influenza in that region. ILI activity in other regions is not increased <u>OR</u> two of more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) within a single region AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in that region. Other regions do not have increased ILI and virus activity is no greater than sporadic in those regions
Regional	Increased ILI in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions <u>OR</u> Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions AND recent lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions.
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.

Additional influenza information:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	http://cdc.gov/flu/
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention FluView	http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/
MSDH Flu and Pneumonia	http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/_static/14,0,199.html
World Health Organization FluNet	http://www.who.int/influenza/gisrs_laboratory/flunet/en/

Appendix

Figure 1

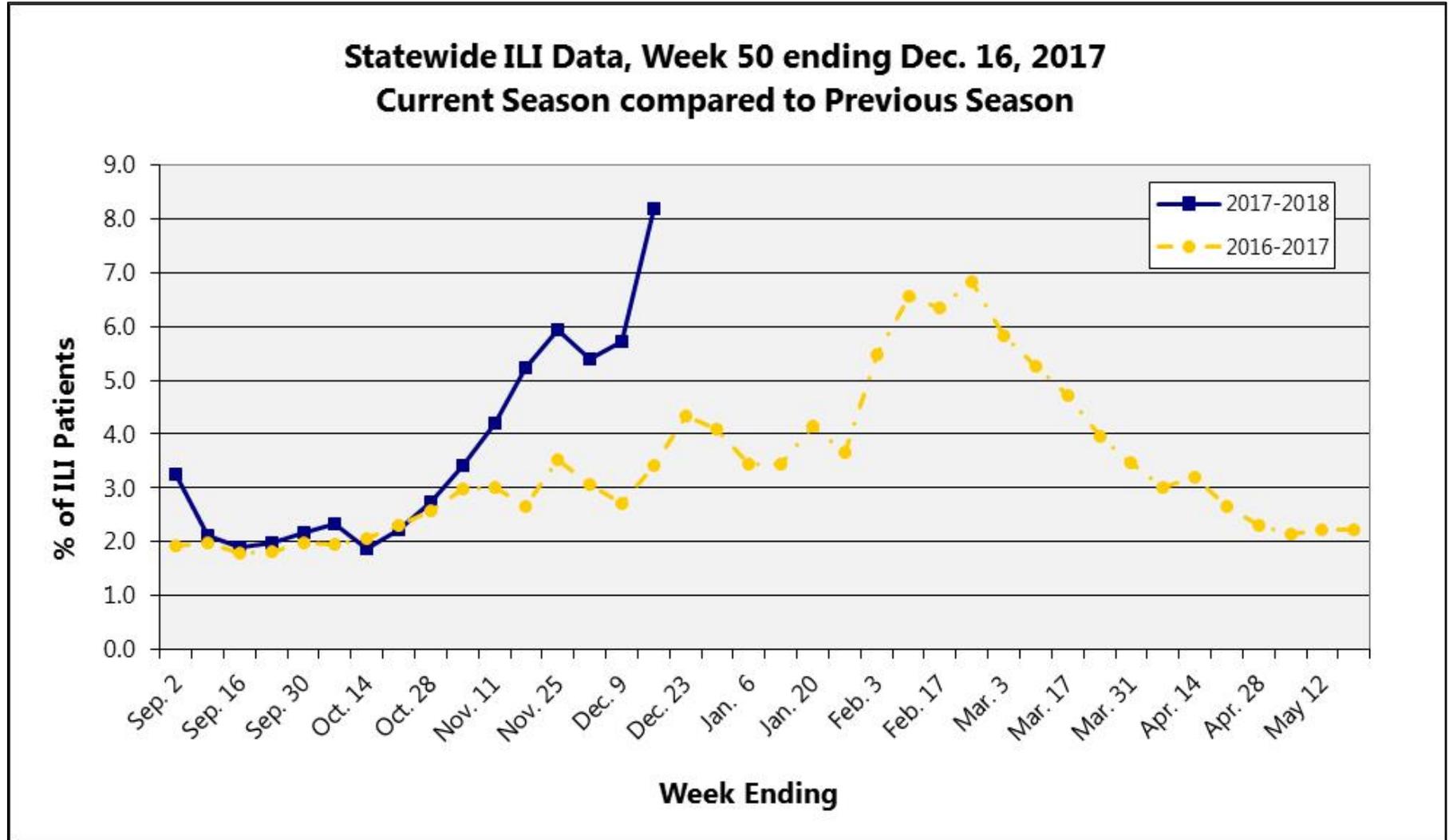


Figure 2

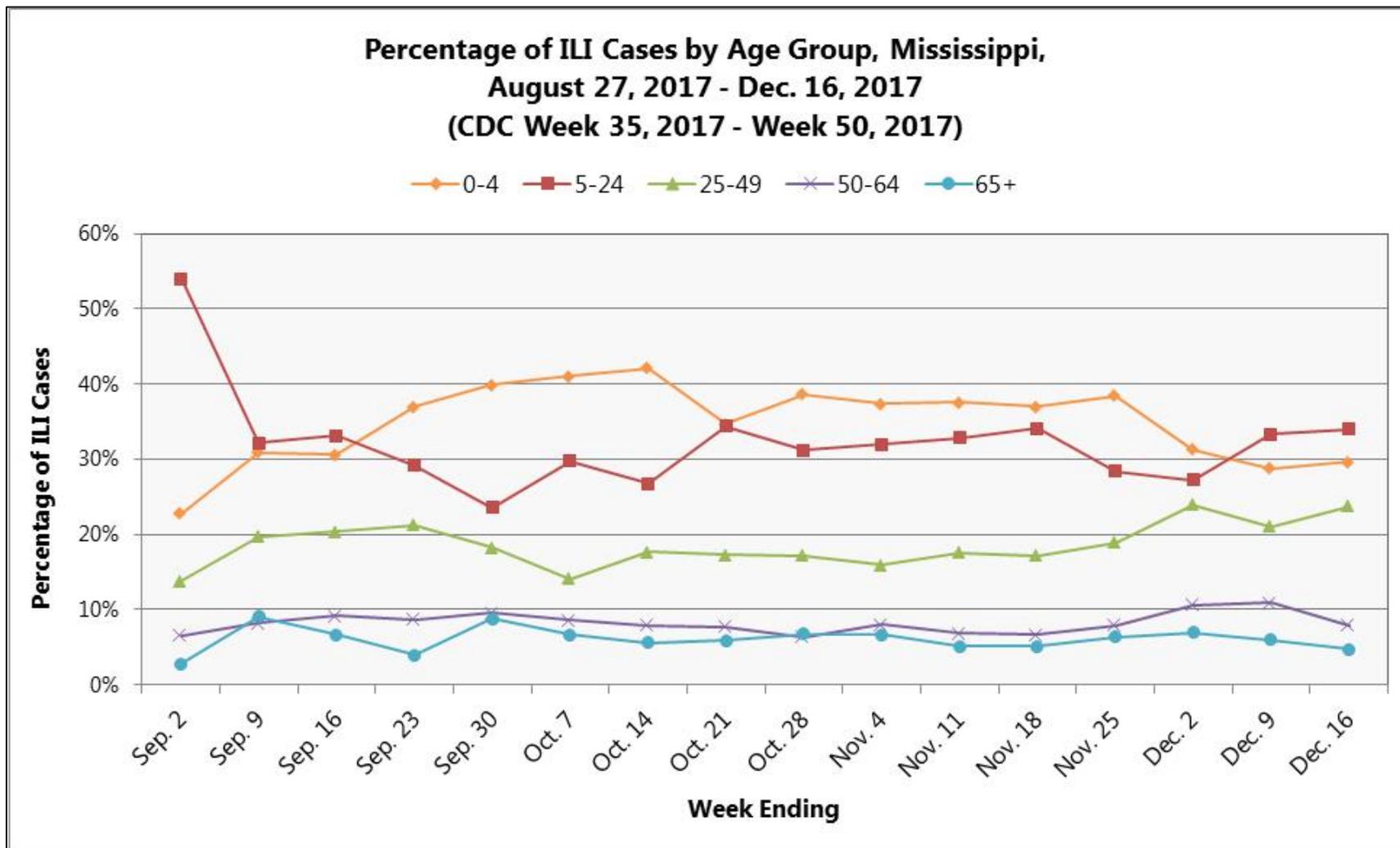


Figure 3

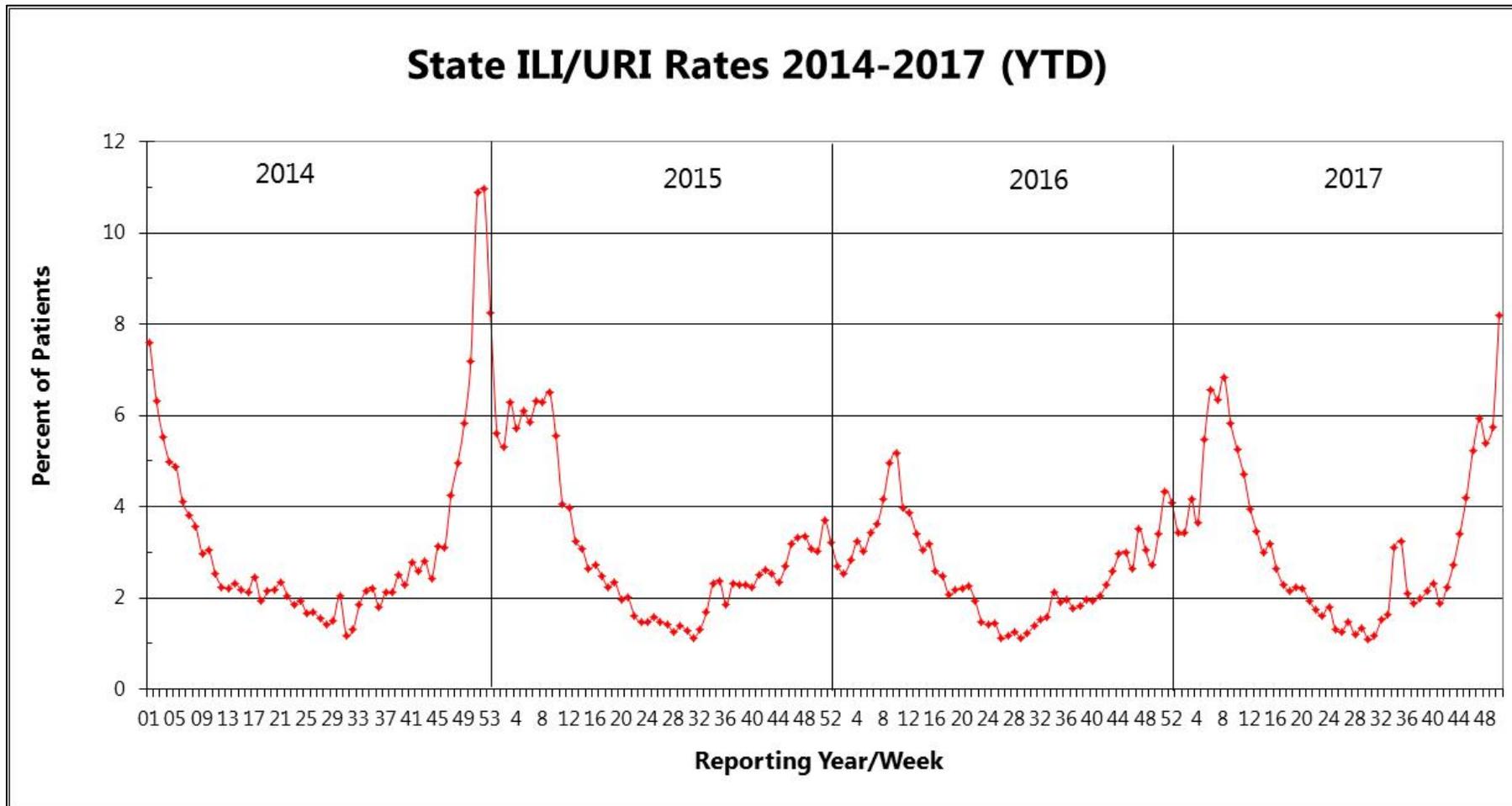


Figure 4

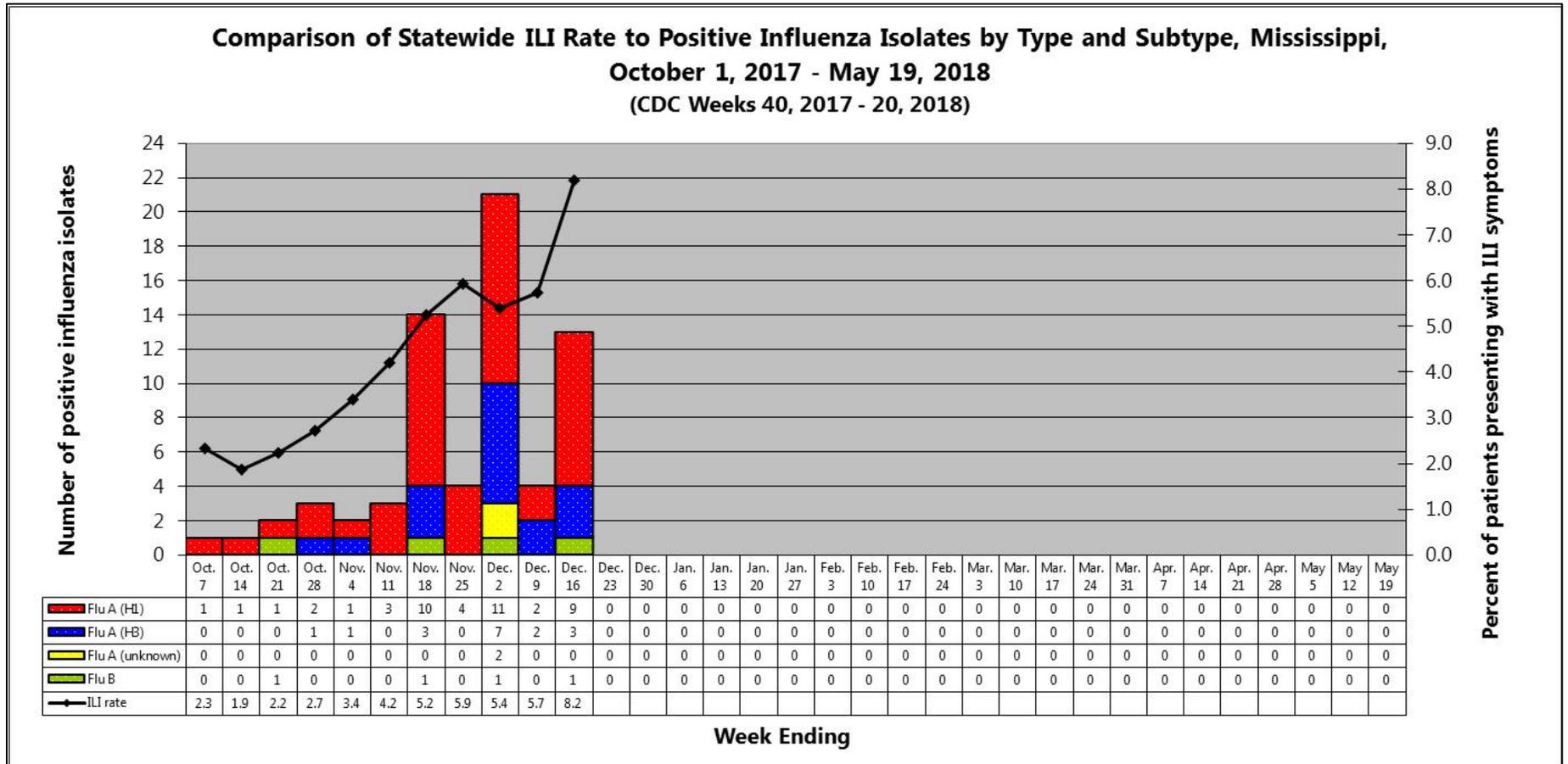


Figure 5

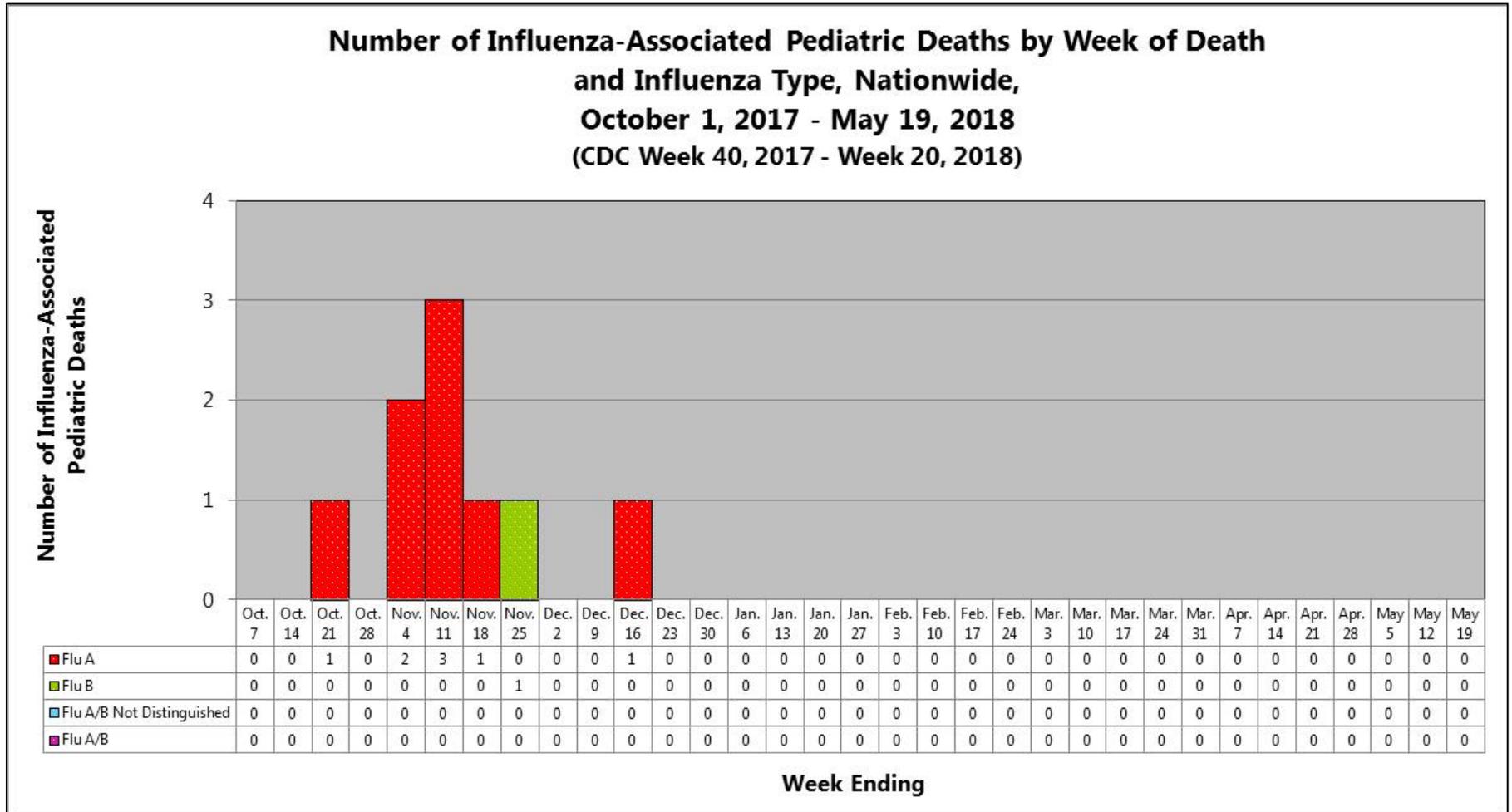


Figure 6

**Percentage of Influenza-Associated Pediatric Deaths
by Influenza Type, Nationwide,
October 1, 2017 - May 19, 2018
(CDC Week 40, 2017 - Week 20, 2018)
N = 9**

■ Flu A ■ Flu B ■ Flu A/B Not Distinguished ■ Flu A/B

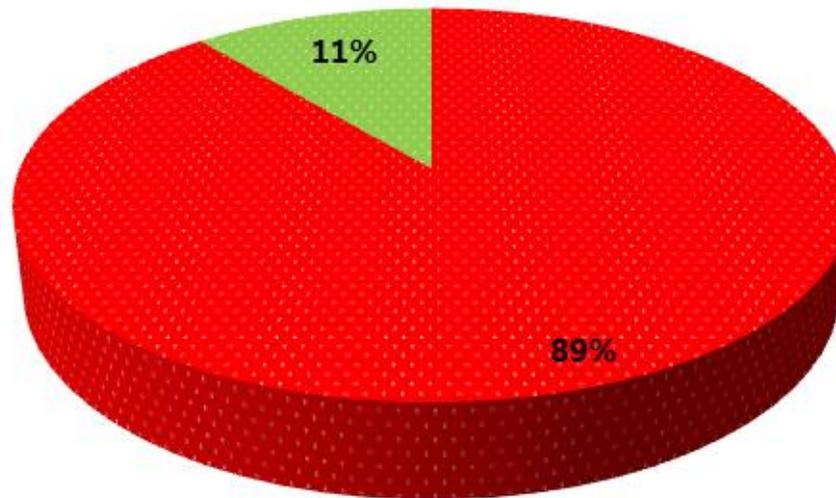


Figure 7

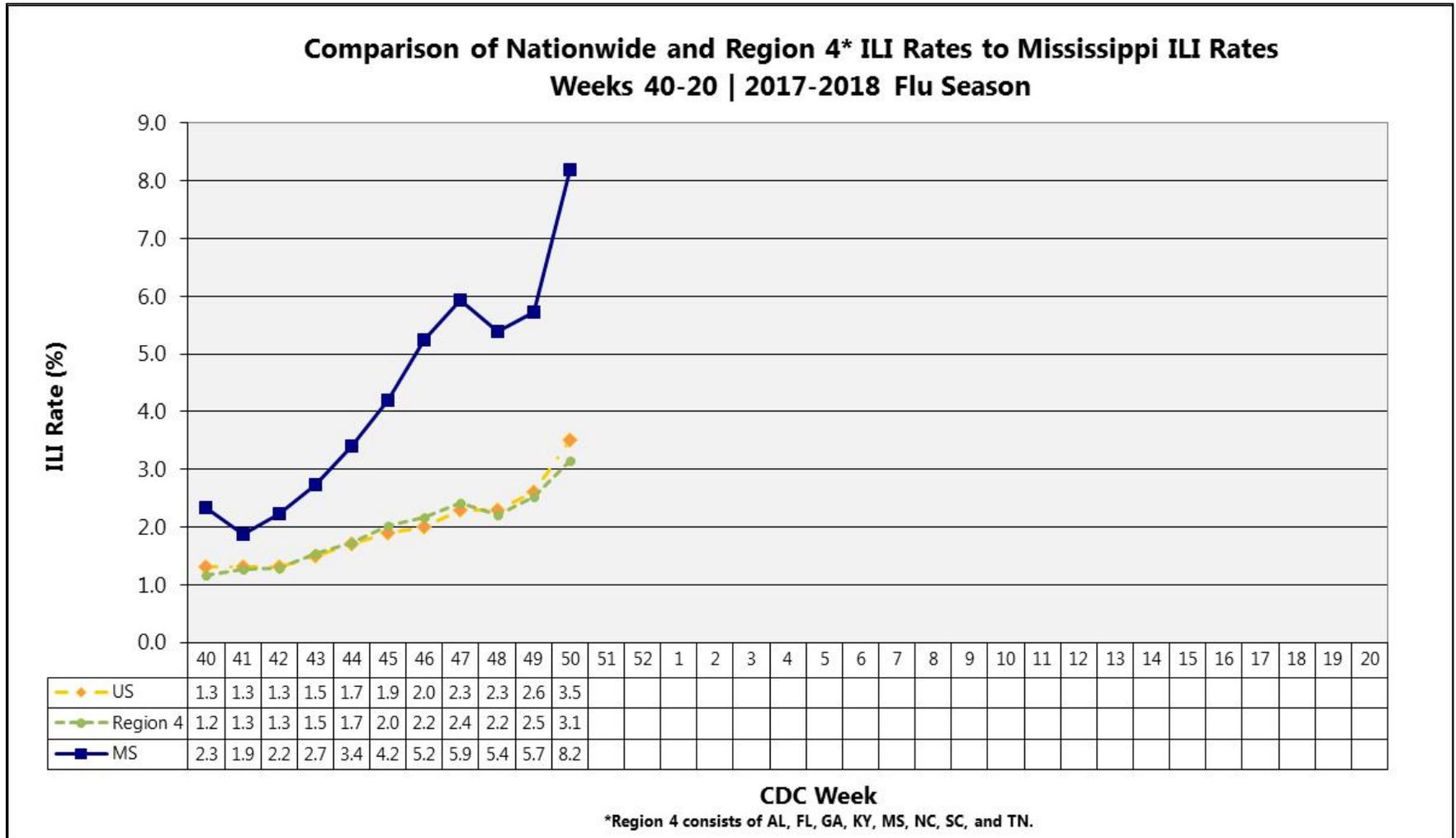


Figure 8

