

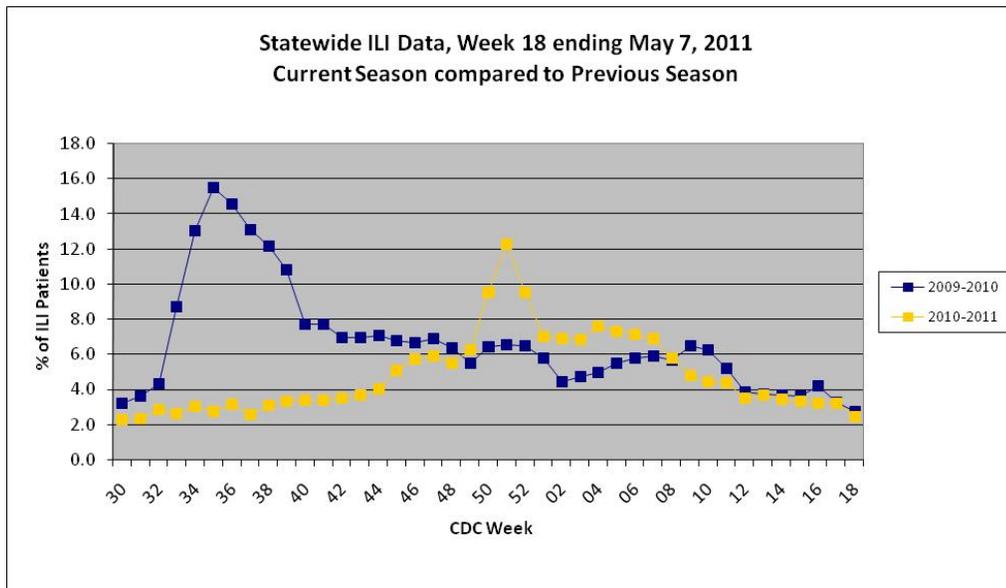


# 2010-2011 Influenza Report Week 18 May 1 – May 7, 2011

## About our flu activity reporting

MSDH relies upon selected sentinel health practitioners across the state to report the percentage of non-trauma visits consistent with an influenza-like illness (ILI: fever > 100°F AND cough and/or sore throat). Also, providers are supplied with specimen collection kits: Samples are submitted to the Mississippi Public Health Laboratory for influenza PCR testing. Reports are used to estimate the state's ILI rate and the magnitude of the state's influenza activity. Reports represent only the distribution of flu in the state, not an actual count of all flu cases statewide. **Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.**

## State ILI Surveillance



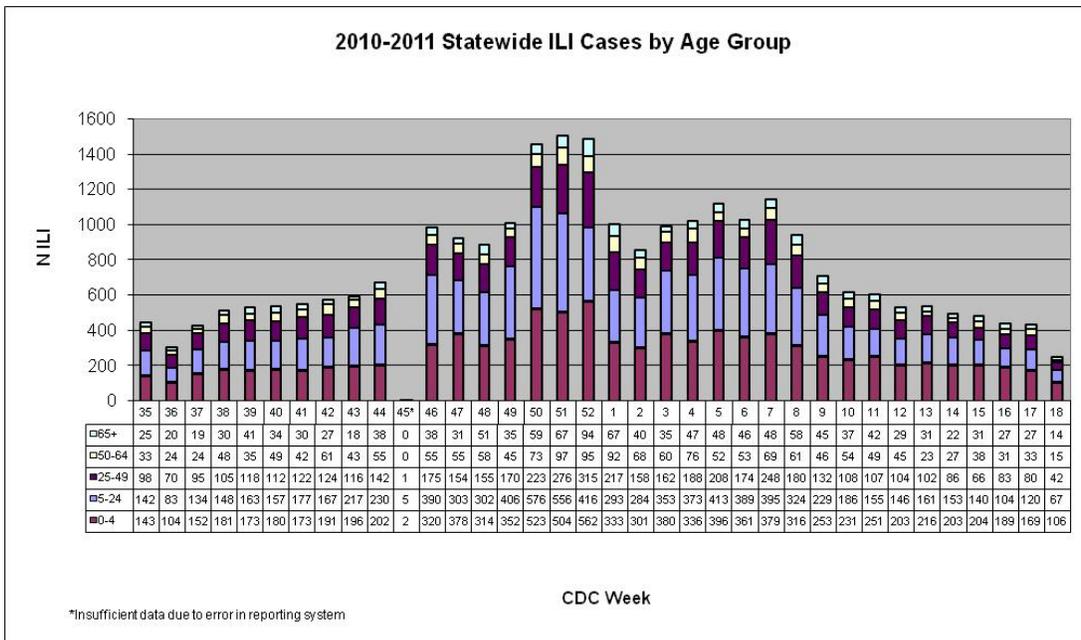
For week 18 (05/01/2011-05/07/2011), the overall state ILI rate (2.4%) was lower than last week (3.2%), but was comparable to this time last year (2.7%). | **Figure 1**

Total number of non-trauma patients treated by sentinel providers in the last three weeks. | **Table 1**

2010-2011 Influenza Season				
CDC Week	Week Ending	Non-trauma patients	ILI symptoms	ILI Rate (%)
<b>18</b>	<b>May 7</b>	<b>13017</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>2.4%</b>
17	April 30	13290	429	3.2%
16	April 23	13406	434	3.2%

During week **18**, **six** districts (1, 3, 4, 6, 7, and 8) had a decrease in ILI activity; **two** districts remained about the same (5 and 9). *Information is provisional only and may change depending on additional reporting from sentinel providers.* / **Table 2**

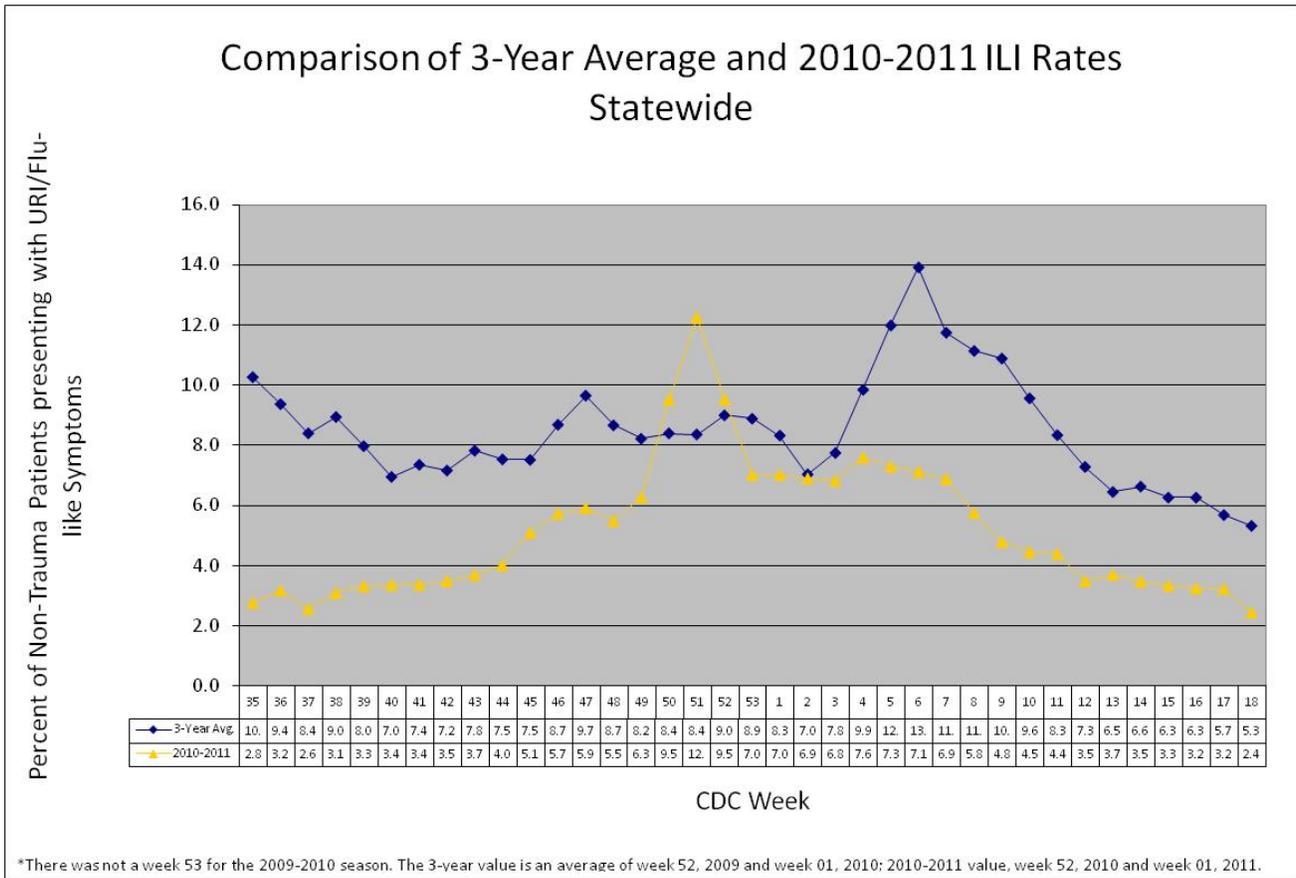
MSDH District ILI Rates (%) 2010-2011		
District	Week 17	Week 18
State	3.2	2.4
1	3.6	3.0
2	3.0	-
3	3.1	0.2
4	3.6	3.0
5	0.9	0.6
6	5.7	4.1
7	1.7	0.4
8	3.3	2.3
9	3.5	3.8



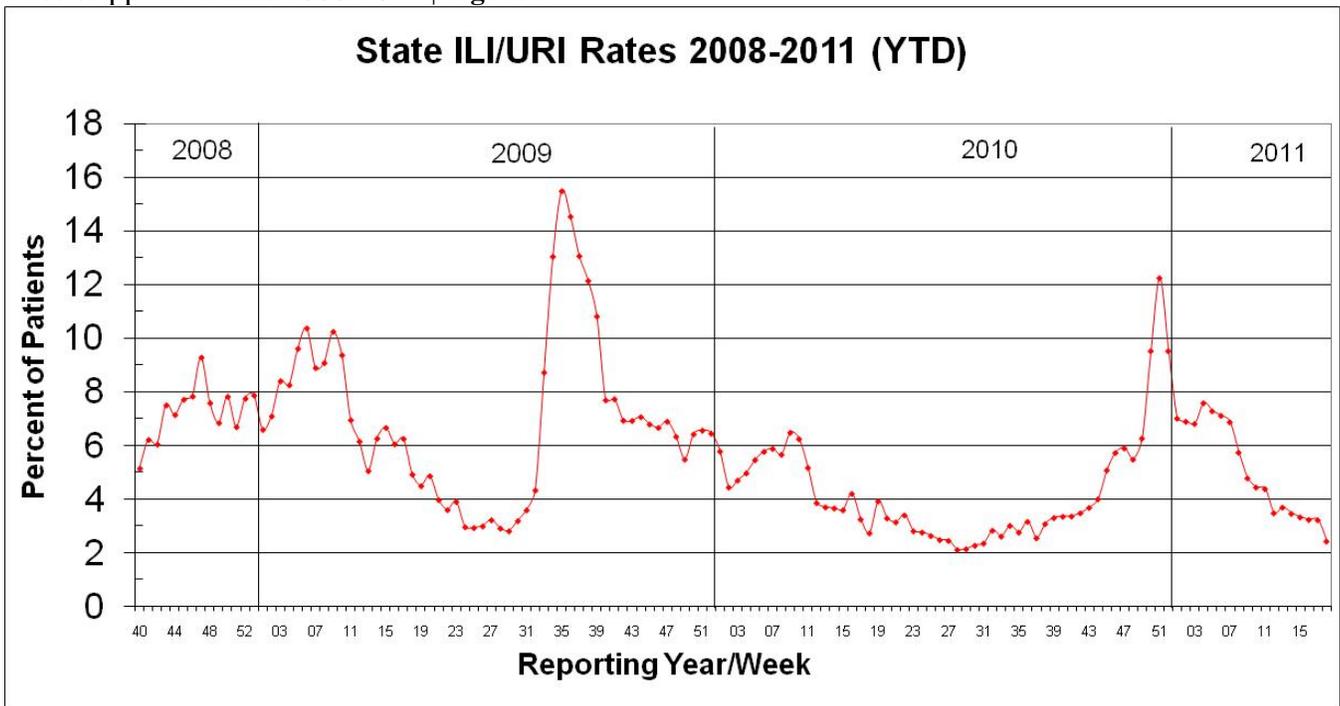
The number of reported ILI cases has been highest among people in the 0 to 4 years of age group, followed by those in the 5 to 24 years of age group. During Week **18**, the

number of reported ILI cases was highest among individuals in the **0 to 4 years** of age group. | **Figure 2**

The 2010-11 state ILI rate was **below** baseline for week **18**. Since **Week 3**, the state ILI rate has been below baseline. | **Figure 3**

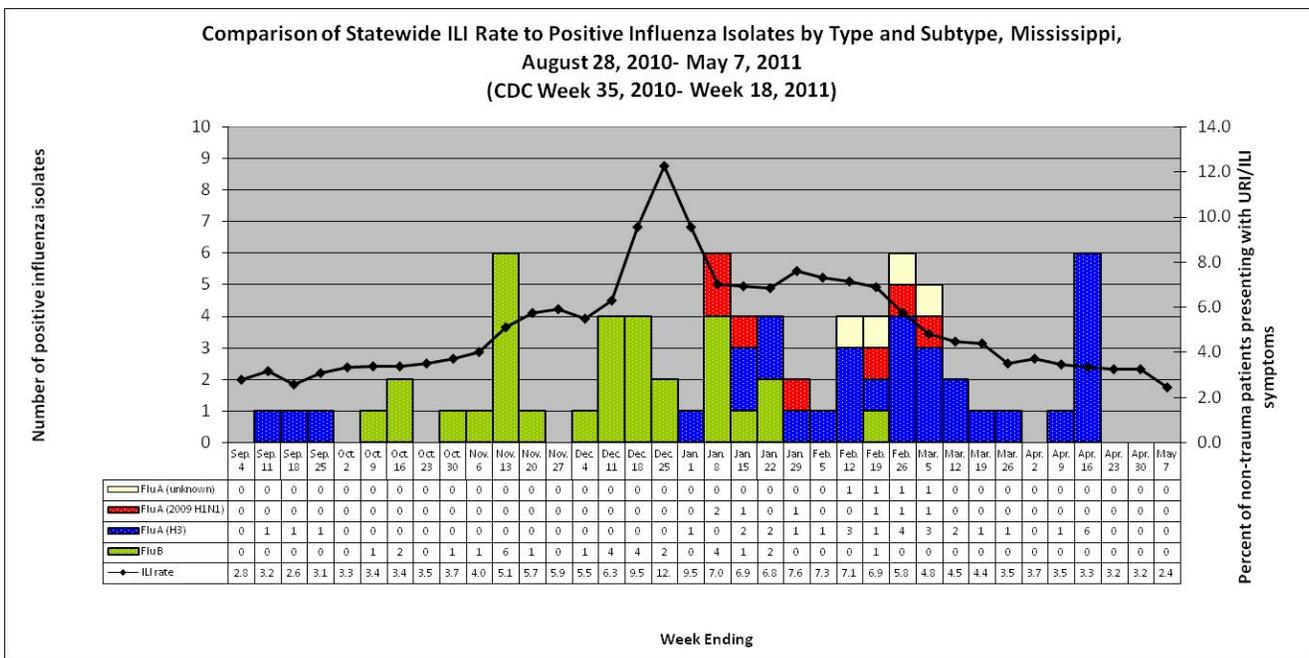


Mississippi ILI Rates 2008-2011 | **Figure 4**



**Flu testing Reports**

Since September, there have been **seventy-four** respiratory samples that were positive by influenza PCR testing. **Thirty-two** were positive for influenza A (H3N2), one of which had a documented travel history to Florida prior to the onset of symptoms and represented an imported case. **Seven** were positive for influenza A (2009 H1N1), one of which had a documented travel to Georgia prior to the onset of symptoms. **Thirty-one** confirmed cases were Flu B. **Four** were positive for influenza A but were not sub- typed. Influenza cases were identified from the following counties: Adams, Attala, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Covington, Forrest, Grenada, Hinds, Holmes, Itawamba, Jasper, Lamar, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Leake, Lincoln, Marion, Marshall, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Panola, Perry, Pike, Stone, Tate, Yalobusha and Yazoo. | **Figure 5**



Since September, there have been **seven** laboratory confirmed, influenza-related hospitalizations reported in Mississippi. **Six** cases were positive for influenza A (H3N2). **One** was positive for flu B. To date, there have been no reported influenza-related deaths. | **Table 3**

**2010-2011 Laboratory-Confirmed Influenza Hospitalizations and Deaths**

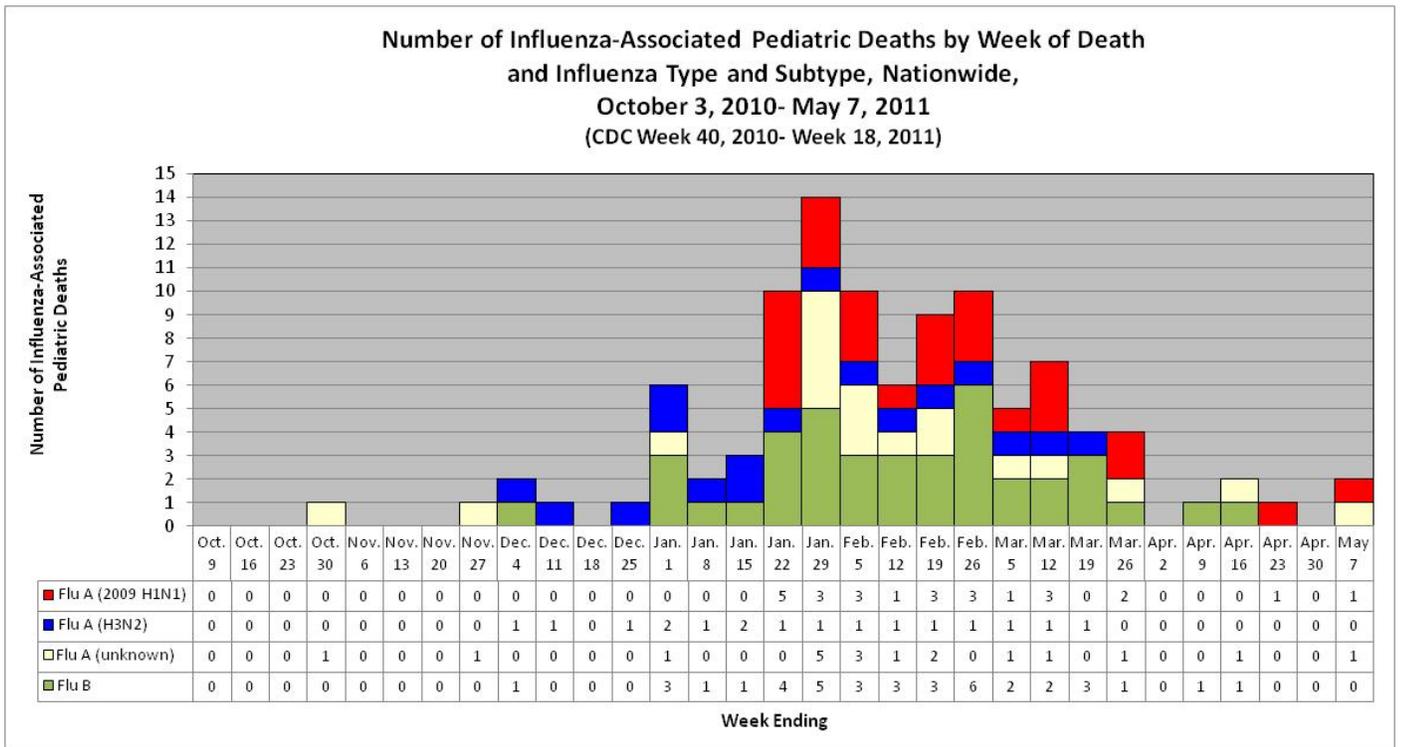
Age Group	A	A	A	B	Deaths
	(2009 H1N1)	(H3N2)	(unknown)		
0-4	0	0	0	0	0
5-24	0	0	0	0	0
25-49	0	2	0	0	0
50-64	0	1	0	1	0
>65	0	3	0	0	0

**National ILI Surveillance**

**Nationwide, 102** influenza-associated pediatric deaths from 33 states, Chicago, and New York City have been reported during this influenza season. **Forty** of the 102 deaths reported were associated with influenza B viruses; **26** were associated with 2009 influenza A (H1N1) viruses; **17** deaths reported were associated with influenza A (H3N2) viruses, and **19** were associated with an influenza A virus for which the subtype was not determined.

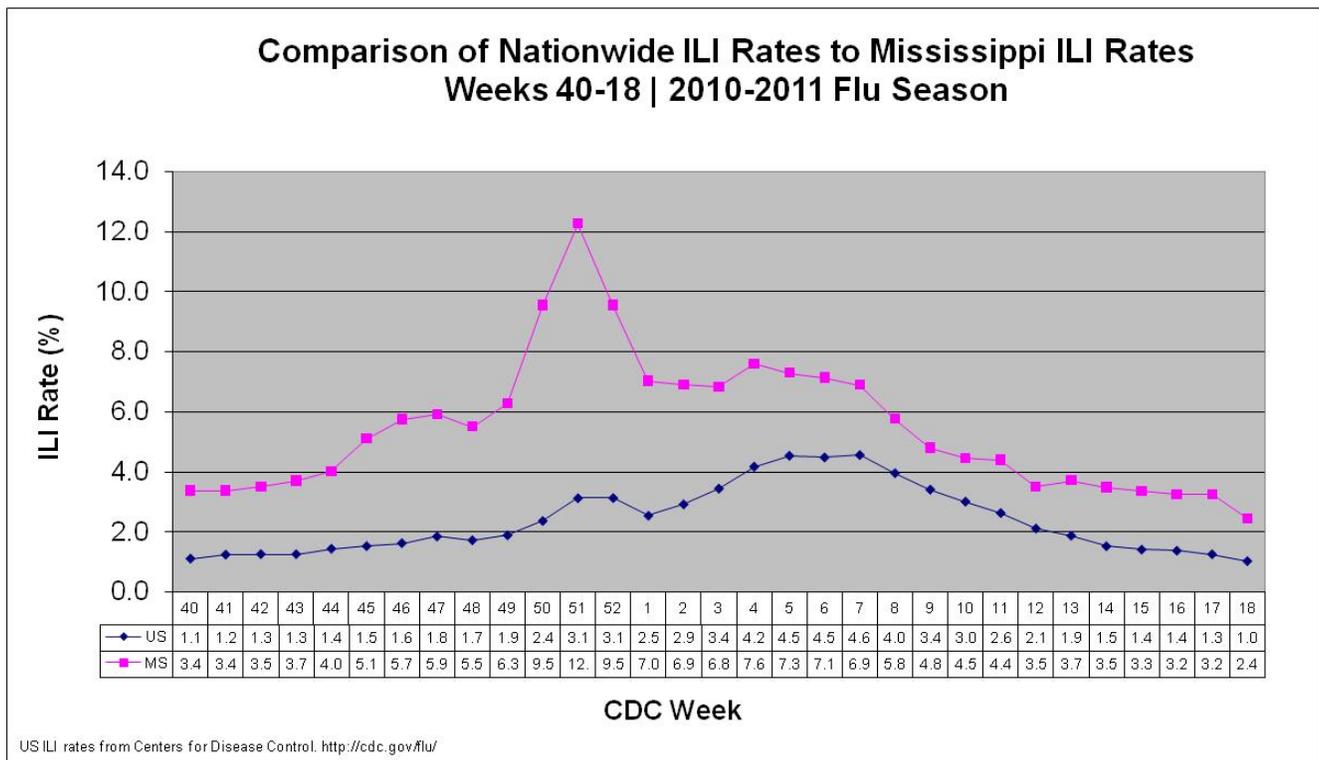
During week **18**, **two** influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported to CDC. One of these deaths was associated with a 2009 influenza A (H1N1) virus and one was associated with an influenza A virus for which the subtype was not determined.

**Mississippi has had no reported influenza-associated pediatric deaths during this influenza season.** | Figure 6



Level of Flu Activity	Definition
<b>No Activity</b>	Overall clinical activity remains low and there are no lab confirmed cases.
<b>Sporadic</b>	Isolated cases of lab confirmed influenza in the state; ILI activity is not increased <u>OR</u> A lab-confirmed outbreak in a single institution in the state; ILI activity is not increased.
<b>Local</b>	Increased ILI within a single region <b>AND</b> recent (within the past 3 weeks) laboratory evidence of influenza in that region. ILI activity in other regions is not increased <u>OR</u> two of more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) within a single region <b>AND</b> recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in that region. Other regions do not have increased ILI and virus activity is no greater than sporadic in those regions
<b>Regional</b>	Increased ILI in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions <b>AND</b> recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions <u>OR</u> Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 2 regions but fewer than half of the regions <b>AND</b> recent lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions.
<b>Widespread</b>	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions <b>AND</b> recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.

Nationwide ILI rates (reported by Centers for Disease Control) vs. Mississippi ILI rates | **Figure 7**

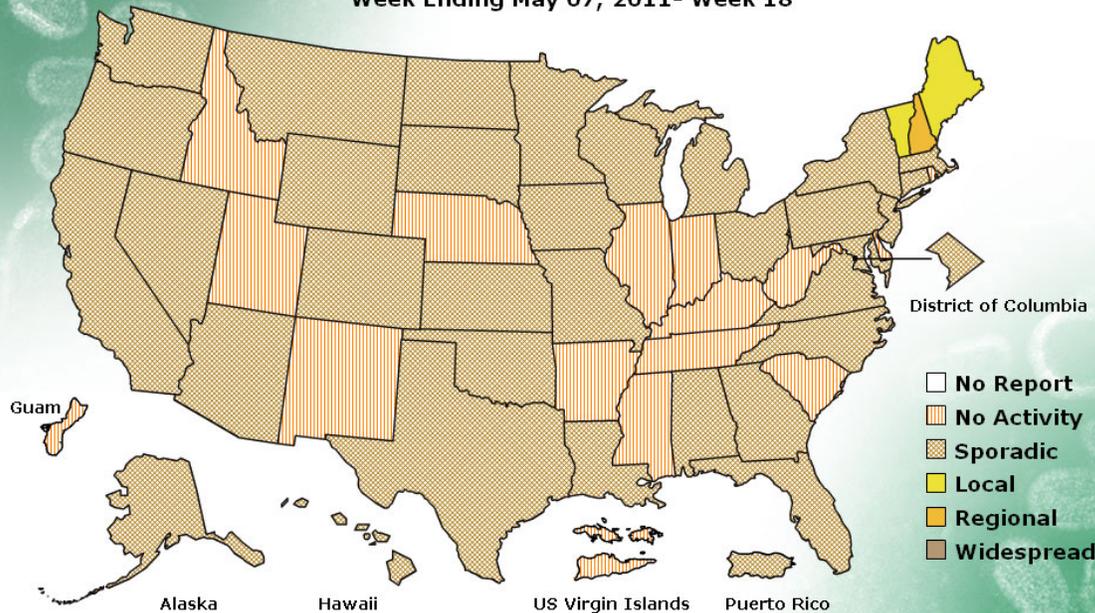


# FLUVIEW



**A Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report Prepared by the Influenza Division**  
**Weekly Influenza Activity Estimates Reported by State and Territorial Epidemiologists\***

**Week Ending May 07, 2011- Week 18**



\*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

<sup>1</sup>For up-to-date information on flu activity nationwide, please refer to the CDC’s website:  
<http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivity.htm>

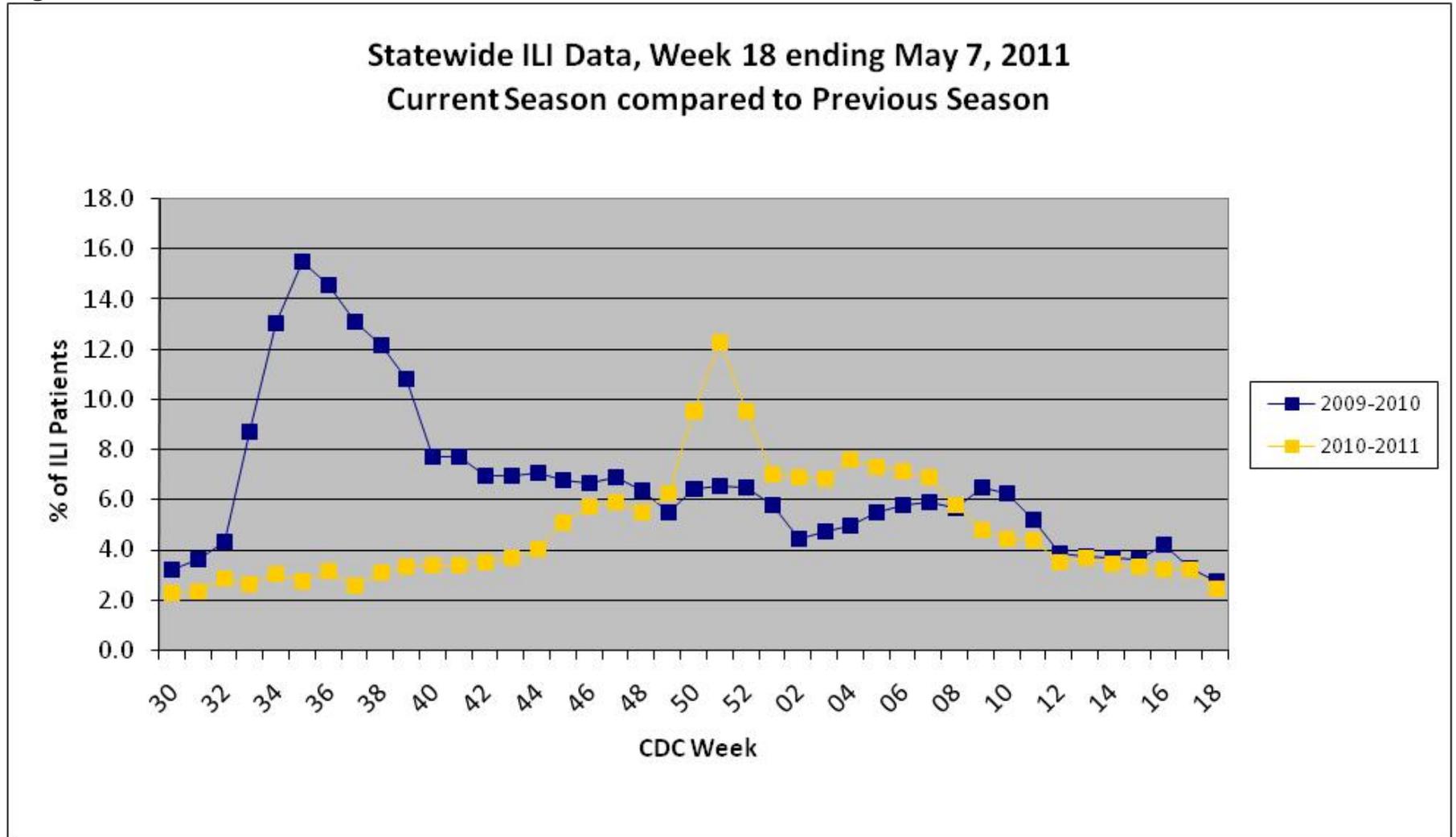
**Additional information:**

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	<a href="http://cdc.gov/flu/">http://cdc.gov/flu/</a>
Flu.gov	<a href="http://www.flu.gov/">http://www.flu.gov/</a>
MSDH Flu and Pneumonia	<a href="http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/_static/14,0,199.html">http://msdh.ms.gov/msdhsite/_static/14,0,199.html</a>
Google Flu Trends	<a href="http://www.google.org/flutrends/">http://www.google.org/flutrends/</a>
World Health Organization FluNet	<a href="http://www.who.int/csr/disease/influenza/influenzanetwork/flunet/en/">http://www.who.int/csr/disease/influenza/influenzanetwork/flunet/en/</a>

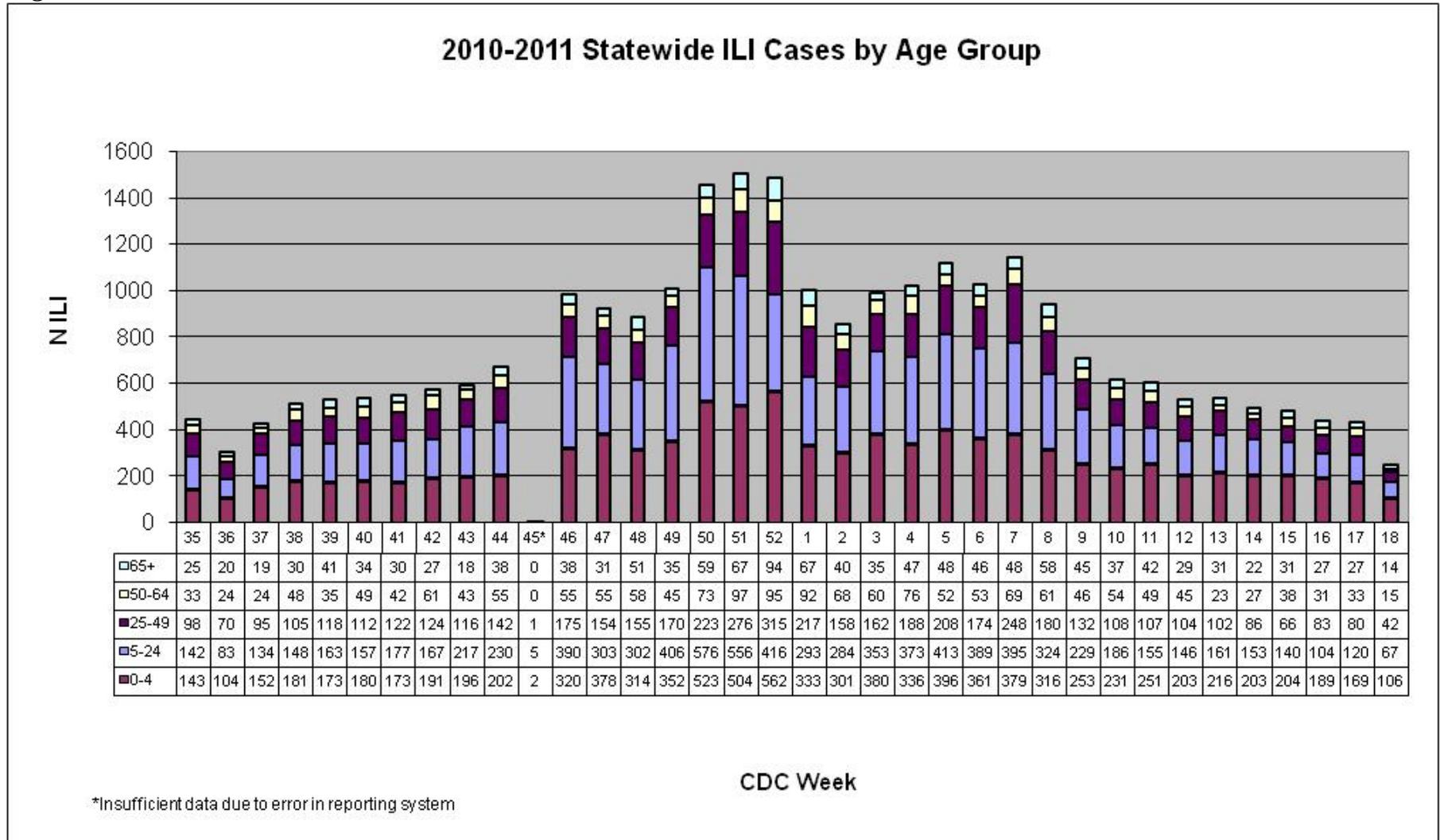
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## Appendix

Figure 1



**Figure 2**



**Figure 3**

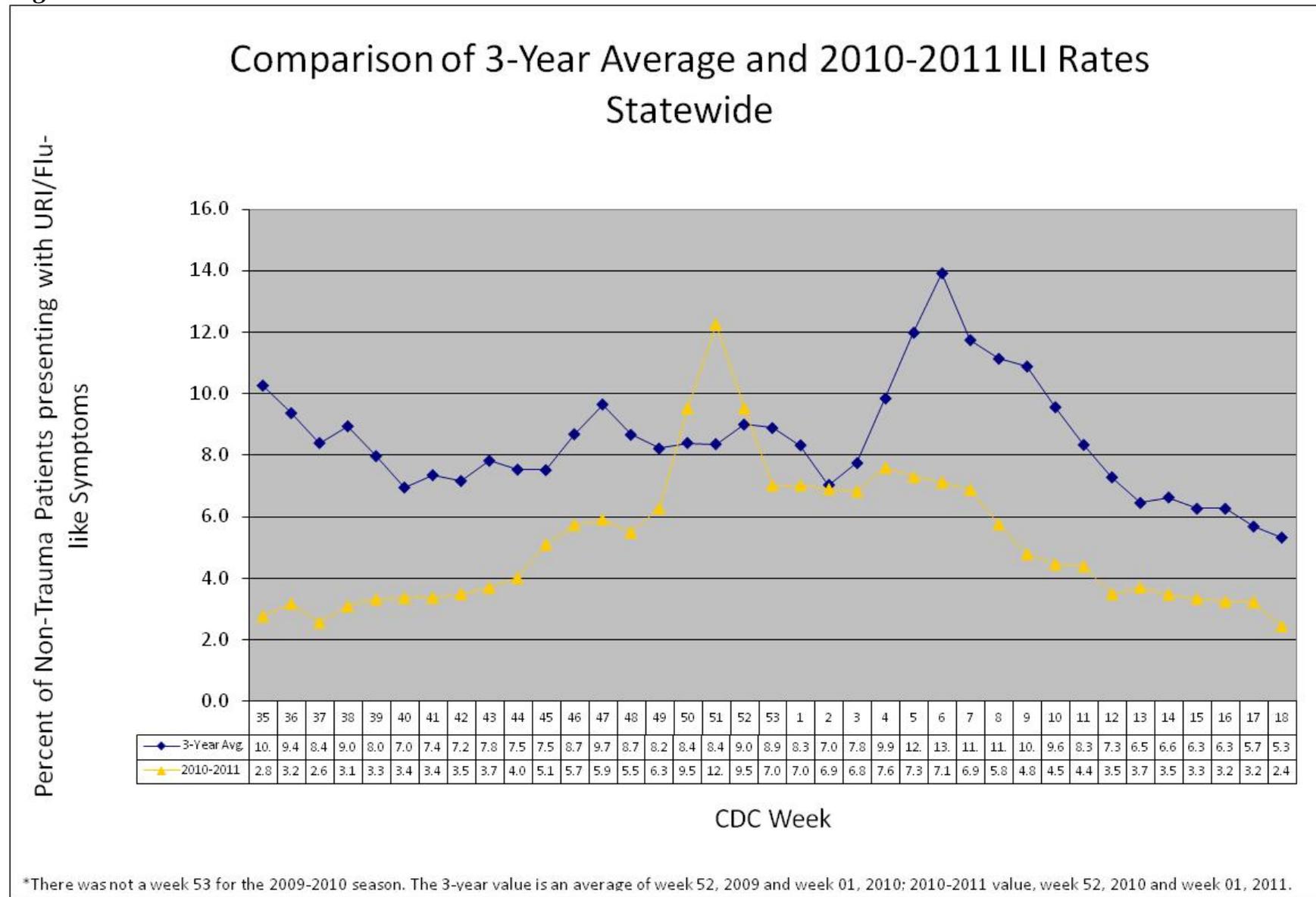


Figure 4

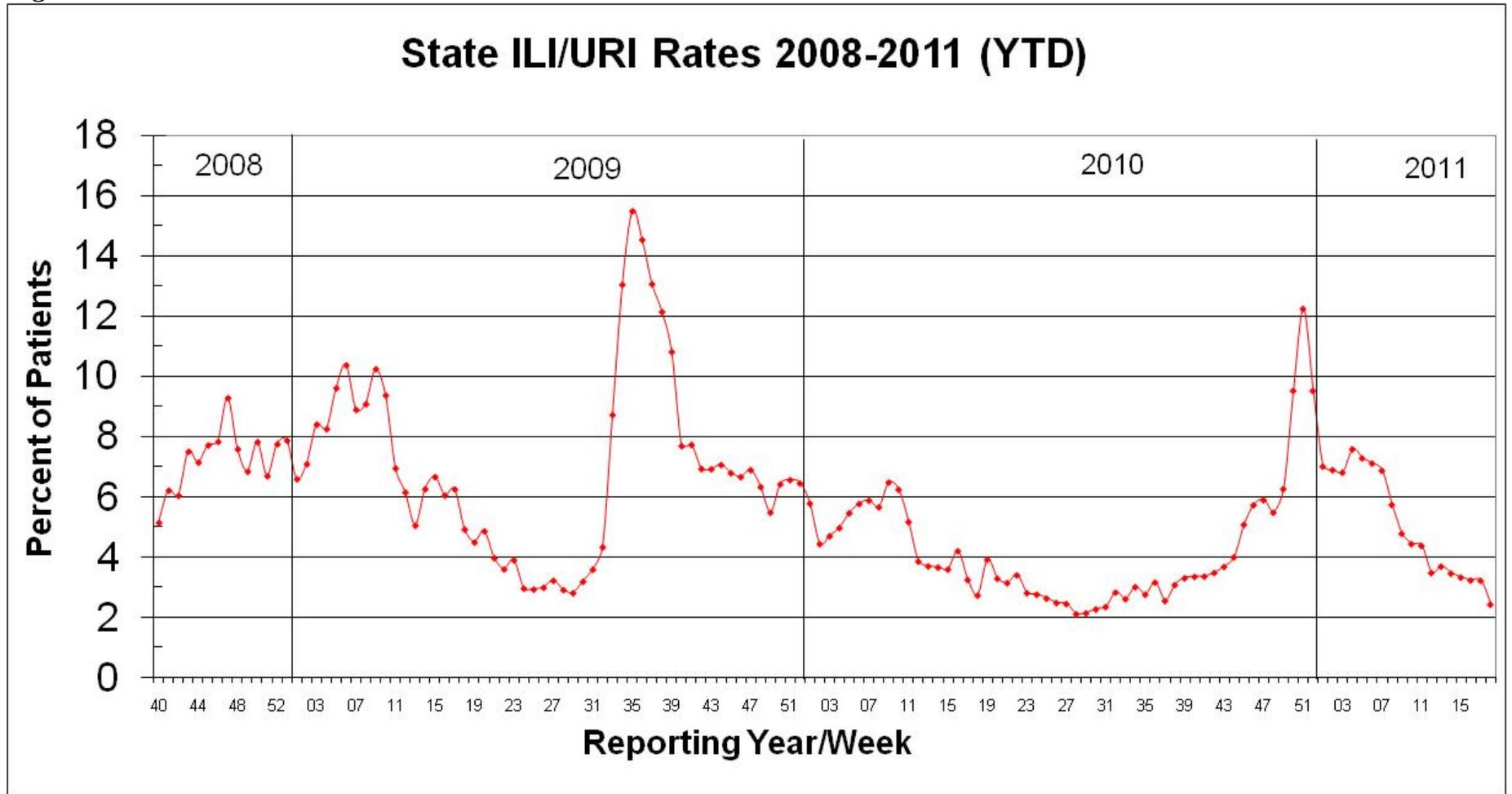
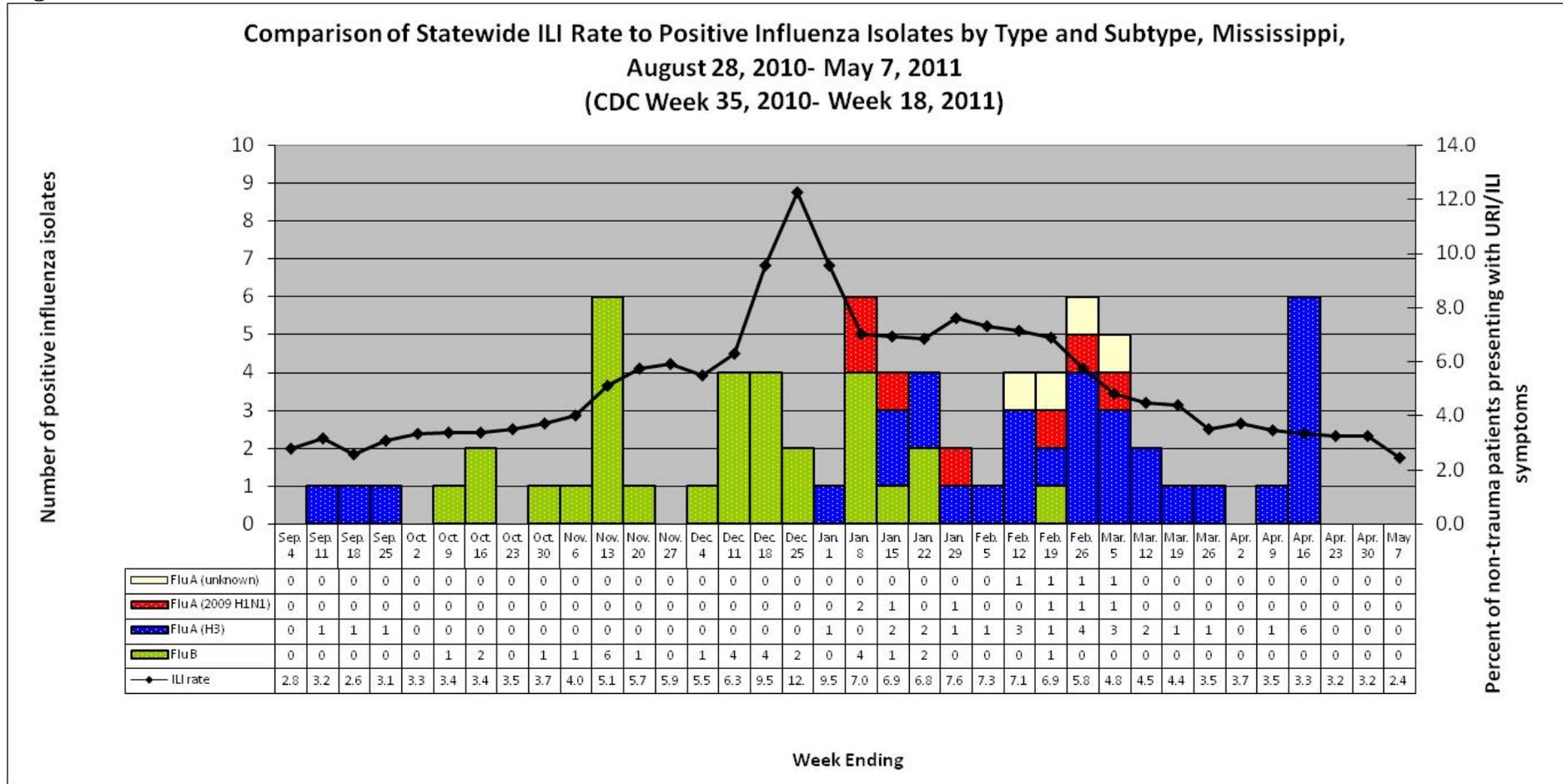


Figure 5



**Figure 6**

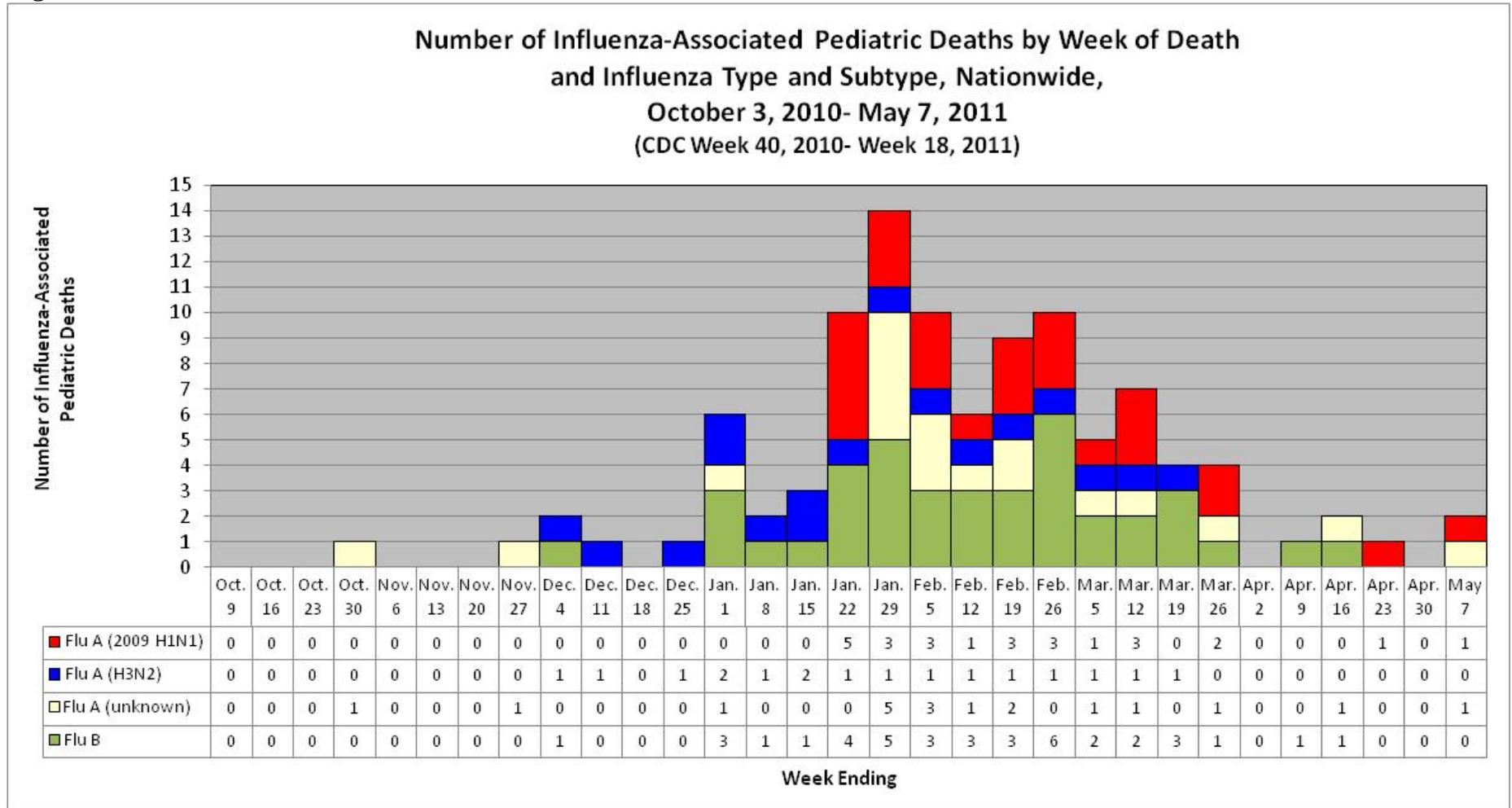
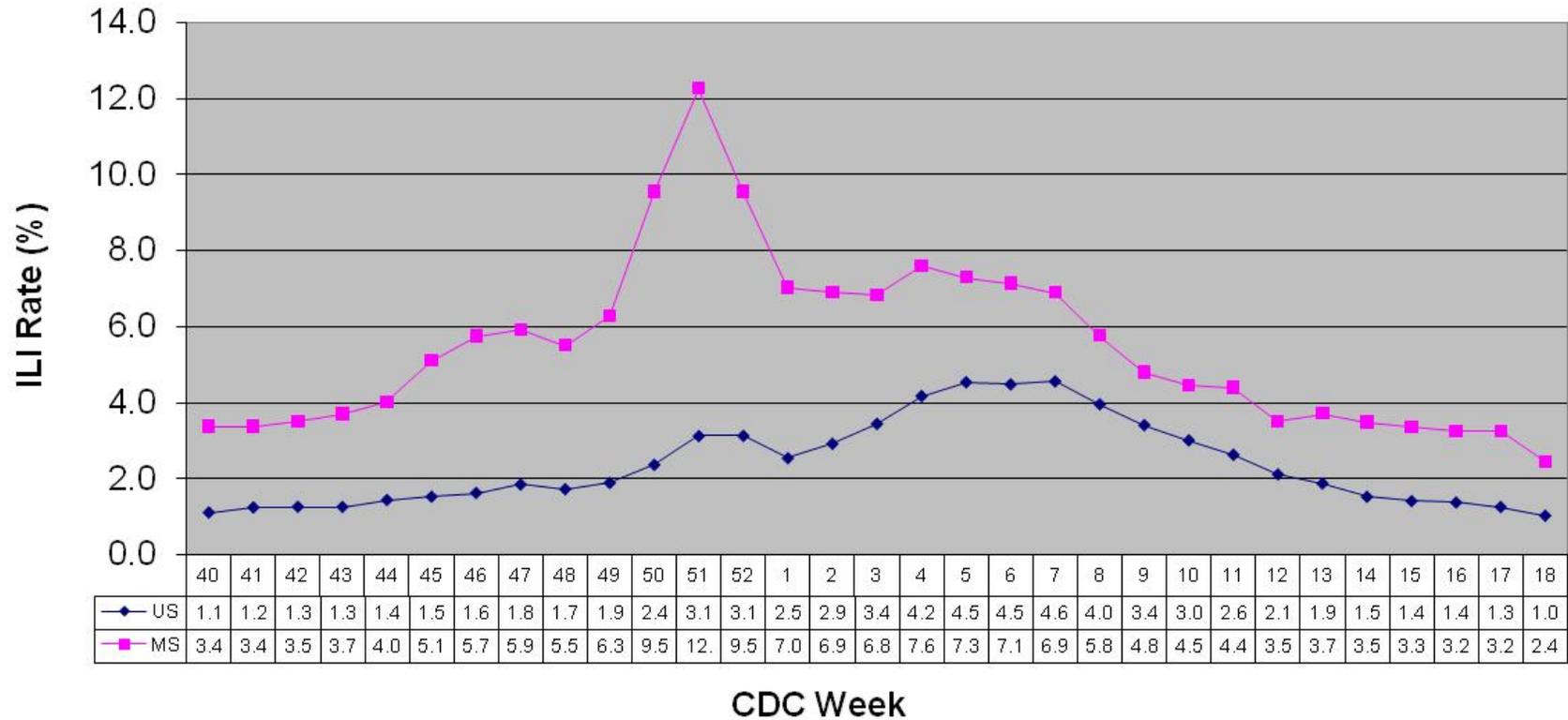


Figure 7

### Comparison of Nationwide ILI Rates to Mississippi ILI Rates Weeks 40-18 | 2010-2011 Flu Season



US ILI rates from Centers for Disease Control. <http://cdc.gov/flu/>

