

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission's Mission

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) was established by Congress in 1974 as an independent regulatory agency. The NRC licenses and regulates the Nation's civilian use of radioactive materials to protect public health and safety, promote the common defense and security, and protect the environment.

The NRC's Regulatory Mission covers three main areas:

Reactors—Commercial reactors for generating electric power and research and test reactors used for research, testing, and training.

Materials—Uses of nuclear materials in medical, industrial, and academic settings and facilities that produce nuclear fuel.

Waste—Transportation, storage, and disposal of nuclear materials and waste, and decommissioning of nuclear facilities from service.

NRC Locations:

The NRC's headquarters office is located in Rockville, MD, and its regional offices are located in King of Prussia, PA; Atlanta, GA; Lisle, IL; and Arlington, TX.

For Additional NRC Information see:

The agency's public Web site:
<http://www.nrc.gov>

State and Tribal Program page:
<http://www.nrc.gov/about-nrc/state-tribal.html>

<https://scp.nrc.gov/>

Emergency Preparedness and Response page:
<http://www.nrc.gov/about-nrc/emerg-preparedness.html>



STATE PROGRAMS AT THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION



UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION



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